# **RELATED PROJECTS AND INITIATIVES**

The purpose of the current section is to put the EvoCS project in the context of related national and international research projects that have touched similar topics and one particular idea for the future exploitation of project results. It also highlights how members of the EvoCS consortium have contributed to these important milestones in security research.

### ANVIL

"Analysis of Civil Security Systems in Europe" (ANVIL, completed) aimed to develop consensus definitions of effectiveness and efficiency and then apply them to the different country and regional security systems looked at in the project. ANVIL provided specific advice, based on objective indicators and analysis, about what changes or modifications could result in improvements to the security situation in certain regions or countries where this might be desired by EU policymakers. Istituto Affari Internazionali (IAI) was among the partners in ANVIL. *Project website*: http://anvil-project.net/

#### CRESCENDO

Among the aspects dealt with in "Coordination action on risks, evolution of threats and context assessment by an enlarged network for an R&D roadmap" (CRE-SCENDO, completed) were "society security evolutions (threats and risks)" and "policies, regulation and standardization." Fraunhofer INT, IAI, the Polish Institute for International Affairs and Tecnalia were partners in CRESCENDO. *Project website*: http://www.crescendo-project.org.

#### **ETCETERA**

"Evaluation of critical and emerging technologies for the elaboration of a security research agenda" (ETCETERA, completed) aimed to develop novel methodologies for future strategic research planning; to identify risks & potential benefits associated with Critical Dependencies & Emerging Technologies with security implications; and to recommend research plans to deal with these risks & potential benefits. Tecnalia was among the partners in ETCETERA and Fraunhofer INT coordinated it. *Project website*: http://www.etcetera-project.eu.

## ETTIS

"European security trends and threats in society" (ETTIS, completed) is a project that was based on a comprehensive concept of security that encompasses both technological and non-technological opportunities, as well as emerging security-related ethical, cultural and organisational challenges. The project included a comprehensive analysis of completed, on-going and planned security research projects. Fraunhofer INT and The Hague Centre for Strategic Studies (HCSS) were partners in this project.

Project website: http://ettis-project.eu.

## FOCUS

"Foresight Security Scenarios: Mapping Research to a Comprehensive Approach to Exogenous EU Roles" (FOCUS, completed) studied alternative future EU roles to prevent or respond to incidents situated on the "borderline" between the internal and external dimensions of security affecting the Union and its citizens. It did so by elaborating multiple scenarios to reflect the implementation of the comprehensive approach in addressing threats, challenges and identifying roles in natural disasters, critical infrastructure and supply chain security, EU as a global security actor, and in internal security. The Procon team members contributed to the scenario design and analysis work in FOCUS.

Project website: http://www.focusproject.eu.

## EUROPEAN DATA QUARTERLY

EvoCS provides an example on how the evidence basis of security policy making can be strengthened. The project has generated a considerable amount of data that so far has been only partially used (as demonstrated in this volume). EvoCS partner Procon has announced plans to launch a new data journal—*European Data Quarterly* (EDQ) —that will present articles describing historical or experimental datasets (purpose; methods by which the data is generated or collected; data structure; examples on the use of the data and respective findings; ideas for data re-use) with open access to the respective datasets. The publication of a data paper guarantees that researchers receive proper scientific credit and an opportunity that their work is utilized and cited by other researchers and, on the other hand, will facilitate the exploitation of the data generated by EvoCS and other research projects.

For more information see http://datajournals.eu.